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Aspects of stroboscopic averaging for the invariant spin field

Tuesday 12 August 2025 16:00 (2 hours)

A new method is formulated for calculating the invariant spin field (ISF) at a phase space point by leveraging the property that spins which are distributed along the ISF achieve maximum time-averaged polarization. To quantify this, we construct the time-average of spin rotation matrices beginning at a certain phase space point. It is recognized that the ISF vector at that point achieves the matrix-norm, meaning that the ISF corresponds to the first right-singular vector of that matrix. We show the relation of this method with traditional stroboscopic averaging, such that these methods are two sides of the same coin. This approach offers a new perspective in invariant spin field calculations.

Please consider my poster for contributed oral presentation

Yes

Would you like to submit this poster in student poster session on Sunday (August 10th)

No

Footnotes

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Yes

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