

Contribution ID: 1224 Contribution code: THPR20 Type: Poster Presentation

Design of IH-DTL with PMQ focusing for medical RI production

Thursday, 23 May 2024 16:00 (2 hours)

In recent years, plans for cancer treatment using medical RI have been progressing worldwide. The stable supply is difficult due to the aging of small nuclear reactors and dependence on imports from abroad. Manufacturing using accelerators could realize a stable supply in Japan. To give an example of Astatine-211, the production of an alpha-ray drug requires helium nuclei of 7 MeV/u or more. This time, we are designing an accelerator system with the aim of accelerating helium ions with a peak current value of 30mA and a duty cycle of 5%. As an accelerator following the radio-frequency quadrupole linac (RFQ), which accelerates up to 0.6 MeV/u, we are considering the design of an interdigital H-mode drift tube linac (IH-DTL) with permanent magnet quadrupoles (PMQ) in the drift tubes. This accelerator is designed to operate at 200 MHz to use the commercially available semiconductor power supply for saving space and electricity and improving maintainability. In this presentation, we report on the basic design of the IH-DTL with PMQ.

Footnotes

Funding Agency

Paper preparation format

LaTeX

Region represented

Asia

Primary author: YASUDA, Hiromasa (Toshiba Energy Systems & Solutions Corporation)

Co-authors: SATO, Kiyokazu (Toshiba Energy Systems & Solutions Corporation); OTANI, Masashi (High Energy Accelerator Research Organization); OMIKA, Shunichiro (Saitama University); SAKO, Takayuki (Toshiba Energy Systems & Salutions Corporation); VONDO Vocabine (Lucan Atomic Energy Agency)

Energy Systems & Solutions Corporation); KONDO, Yasuhiro (Japan Atomic Energy Agency)

Presenter: YASUDA, Hiromasa (Toshiba Energy Systems & Solutions Corporation)

Session Classification: Thursday Poster Session

Track Classification: MC4: Hadron Accelerators: MC4.A08 Linear Accelerators