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Modeling interference of two first-order resonances with two Siberian snakes using machine learning

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The model of spin depolarization invoking isolated resonances hinges on a closed-form solution of energy ramping with the Single Resonance Model by Froissart and Stora. However, for non-resonant orbital tunes, resonant depolarization by single resonance crossing is impossible in the SRM while using a pair of Siberian Snakes since the amplitude-dependent spin tune is then fixed to one-half. Polarization loss in RHIC demonstrates that the isolated resonances model is not a good approximation of polarization dynamics with two Siberian Snakes. We therefore extend the model in which a pair of resonances in close proximity push the amplitude-dependent spin tune away from one-half in the presence of Siberian Snakes, allowing the crossing of higher-order spin resonances associated with depolarization. We present results from applying Machine Learning methods that establish spin transport models with two overlapping resonances from tracking data.

Footnotes

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Primary author: HAMWI, Eiad (Cornell University (CLASSE))

Co-authors: BARBER, Desmond (Deutsches Elektronen-Synchrotron); HOFFSTAETTER, Georg (Cornell University (CLASSE)); DEVLIN, Joseph (Cornell University (CLASSE))

Presenter: HAMWI, Eiad (Cornell University (CLASSE))

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